



Tax Depreciation Report

33 Homevale Drive , South Ripley QLD 4306

Franzel Evan Vivares and Kevin Lloyd Castro 15 Todd Way MERNDA, VIC 3754

	Issue Schedule
Issue Date:	Issued by:
02 March 2020	Mark Kilroy BSC (Hons) MRICS



Franzel Evan Vivares and Kevin Lloyd Castro 15 Todd Way MERNDA, VIC 3754 March 2020 Job No: RES4306030

Tax Depreciation Report – 33 Homevale Drive , South Ripley QLD 4306

We thank you for choosing Koste Pty Ltd to prepare the attached Tax Depreciation report and schedule for the above property.

This report has been prepared to provide an independent review of Tax Depreciation entitlements available on the subject property, under The Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

Koste Pty Ltd are a registered tax agent (24836767) who comply with the Tax Agent Services Act 2009. The attached schedule is based on an apportionment of the total expenditure, together with the Tax Commissioners current intentions in preparing this document.

As you continue to grow your portfolio, we would be pleased to provide you with free estimates of tax depreciation allowances on purchases. We can also provide updates for \$100+GST on any revised depreciation reports which may include new capital works and write-offs on disposed assets over the coming years.

The majority of our custom is based on repeat customers and from word of mouth. Testimonials are important to our business especially on social media including Google+, LinkedIn and Facebook. If you are pleased with our service and have some time to write a short testimonial on either social media or via an email, this would be greatly appreciated.

If you or your accountant require any further clarification on the contents of this report, please do not hesitate in contacting a member of our team on 1300 669 400 where they would be more than happy to assist.

Yours Sincerely

Koste Pty Ltd

Koste Pty Ltd Tax Depreciation Quantity Surveyors





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1. Property Information

Date of Report

2 March 2020

Purchaser

Franzel Evan Vivares and Kevin Lloyd Castro

Property Address

33 Homevale Drive , South Ripley QLD 4306

Real Property Description

L3057 SP300739

Property Type

Residential House

Date of Construction

6 March 2020



2. Report Details

2.1 Introduction

Koste Pty Ltd has prepared an independent Tax Depreciation Schedule for the purchase of the subject property under the Income Tax Act 1997.

We have evaluated and reported the allowances based on the following:

Division 40 (Capital Allowances)

Referred to as Depreciating Assets, identified as assets which can be removed with ease including; Appliances, Furnishings and the like. Koste will identify and provide an analysis using both Diminishing Value and Prime Cost methods of depreciation. All items which have a value less than \$300 will be written off in the first year.

Division 40 (Capital Allowances) - Low Value Pool

Low Cost Assets are depreciating assets which have a cost of between \$300 and \$1,000 at your purchase date. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year, and 37.5% in each subsequent year.

Division 43 (Capital Works)

Capital works often referred to as Building Allowances entitles the tax payer to a deduction on assessable income producing buildings and other capital works. The opening value of these assets will be calculated on the date of installation; typical assets may include Windows, Doors and Walls.



3. Capital Allowances

3.1 Entitlement

Capital Allowances Division 40 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life. A deprecating asset will deteriorate over the life and will therefore decline in value.

3.2 Qualifying Expenditure Calculation

On a property acquisition, Capital Allowances (Plant and Equipment) are based on a reasonable apportionment of the purchase price relating to qualifying plant under the Income Tax Assessment Act (ITAA) 1977 Section 40 - 195.

3.3 Effective Life

The Commissioner of Taxation provides regular tax rulings which determine the period an asset can be used to produce income. Included within this report is as new effective life rates.

3.4 Immediate Write-Off Assets

A depreciating asset which costs less than \$300 can be immediately written off under Division 40 of ITAA. Please note that this is only applicable to residential property investments.

3.5 Low Value Pool

Assets which have a starting value of between \$300 and \$1000 have been included within the Low Value Pool. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% for all subsequent years on a diminishing basis.

An asset that has a written down value under \$1000 in following years will be allocated to the low value pool and depreciated at 37.5% using diminishing value method. This method does not apply to assets that were depreciated using the prime cost method in any previous years.



3.6 Method of Depreciation

We provide you with a choice to calculate the decline in value for depreciating assets. Your choice on whether to use Diminishing Value or Prime Cost method of depreciation should be discussed with your accountant. Once a depreciation method is chosen for an asset this cannot be changed.

Diminishing Value Method	Prime Cost Method							
Diminishing value method is often the most popular form of depreciation due to the cash-flow benefits in the early years of asset ownership.	Prime Cost Method of Depreciation, often referred to as straight line depreciation is depreciated at a constant rate each year.							
Benefits	Benefits							
 Cash-flow during initial years of asset ownership Ability to use Low Value Pool for assets less than \$1000 (Note: unable to write off these assets) 	 Write off assets when they are demolished or disposed. 							
Calculation Example	Calculation Example							
Under Diminishing Value method, the effective life is dividing by 200.	Under Prime Cost method, the effective life is dividing by 100.							
200 / 10 Years = 20% (Adjusted Value)	100 / 10 Years = 10% (Straight Line)							
If an asset has a value of \$10,000 and an	If an asset has a value of \$10,000 and an							
effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.	effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.							
Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5							
\$2,000 \$1,600 \$1,280 \$1,024 \$819.20	\$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000							



4. Capital Works

4.1 Entitlement

Capital Works Division 43 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life.

4.2 Method of Depreciation

Capital Works allowances under Division 43 are based on the historical construction costs and are not based on an apportionment of the purchase price. Where construction costs are not available, a qualified Quantity Surveyor will establish costs in accordance with the Tax Ruling TR97/25.

Capital Works are depreciated by Prime Cost method only, which may vary dependant on the date the construction works commenced and the property usage. Where a property has been updated over the years, capital works expenditure may be allocated in different periods. Clients must make any construction periods clear wherever possible to ensure your claim is maximised.

4.3 Method of Depreciation

Structural improvements such as fencing, paths and other hard landscaping can also be written off at 2.5% per annum if construction started after 27 February 1992.



5. Summary of Entitlements – Diminishing Value Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	6 March 20 to 30 June 20	1,640	2,602	4,242	1,447	5,689
2	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	3,549	4,228	7,777	4,565	12,342
3	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	2,653	2,974	5,627	4,565	10,192
4	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	1,538	2,879	4,417	4,565	8,982
5	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	1,213	1,800	3,012	4,565	7,577
6	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	958	1,125	2,083	4,565	6,648
7	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	388	1,370	1,758	4,565	6,323
8	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	311	856	1,167	4,565	5,732
9	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	249	535	784	4,565	5,349
10	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	0	707	707	4,565	5,272
11	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	0	442	442	4,565	5,007
12	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	0	276	276	4,565	4,841
13	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	0	173	173	4,565	4,738
14	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	0	108	108	4,565	4,673
15	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	0	67	67	4,565	4,632
16	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	0	42	42	4,565	4,607
17	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	0	26	26	4,565	4,591
18	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	0	16	16	4,565	4,581
19	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	0	10	10	4,565	4,575
20	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	0	6	6	4,565	4,571
21	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	0	4	4	4,565	4,569
22	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	3	3	4,565	4,568
23	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	2	2	4,565	4,567
24	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	1	1	4,565	4,566
25	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	1	1	4,565	4,566
26	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
27	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
28	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
29	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
30	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
31	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
32	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
33	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
34	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
35	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
36	1 July 54 to 30 June 55	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
37	1 July 55 to 30 June 56	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
38	1 July 56 to 30 June 57	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
39	1 July 57 to 30 June 58	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
40	2058+	0	0	0	7,695	7,695
	Totals	12,498	20,256	32,754	182,612	215,366

The diminishing value method involves multiplying the remaining amount (or also known as the written down value) of the item by the depreciation rate each year. Hence the term diminishing value method as it diminishes in value each year never quite reaching zero.

Example

	DV Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	20%	\$1,000	\$200	\$800	\$160



6. Summary of Entitlements – Prime Cost Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	6 March 20 to 30 June 20	1,038	2,602	3,640	1,447	5,087
2	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	1,902	4,228	6,130	4,565	10,695
3	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	1,902	2,642	4,544	4,565	9,109
4	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	1,902	1,652	3,554	4,565	8,119
5	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	1,902	1,032	2,934	4,565	7,499
6	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	1,902	645	2,547	4,565	7,112
7	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	1,902	403	2,305	4,565	6,870
8	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	1,902	252	2,154	4,565	6,719
9	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	1,677	158	1,834	4,565	6,399
10	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	1,203	98	1,301	4,565	5,866
11	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	953	62	1,014	4,565	5,579
12	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	412	38	450	4,565	5,015
13	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	281	24	305	4,565	4,870
14	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	0	15	15	4,565	4,580
15	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	0	9	9	4,565	4,574
16	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	0	6	6	4,565	4,571
17	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	0	4	4	4,565	4,569
18	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	0	2	2	4,565	4,567
19	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	0	1	1	4,565	4,566
20	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	0	1	1	4,565	4,566
21	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	0	1	1	4,565	4,566
22	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
23	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
24	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
25	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
26	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
27	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
28	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
29	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
30	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
31	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
32	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
33	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
34	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
35	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
36	1 July 54 to 30 June 55	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
37	1 July 55 to 30 June 56	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
38	1 July 56 to 30 June 57	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
39	1 July 57 to 30 June 58	0	0	0	4,565	4,565
40	2058+	0	0	0	7,695	7,695
	Totals	18,878	13,876	32,754	182,612	215,366

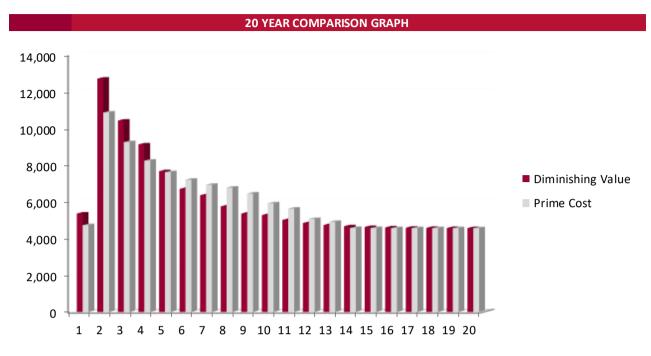
The prime cost method assumes that the item depreciates uniformly over its effective life. It is also known as straight line method and has a lower rate compared to diminishing value method. So the item depreciates at a constant rate until the written down value reaches zero.

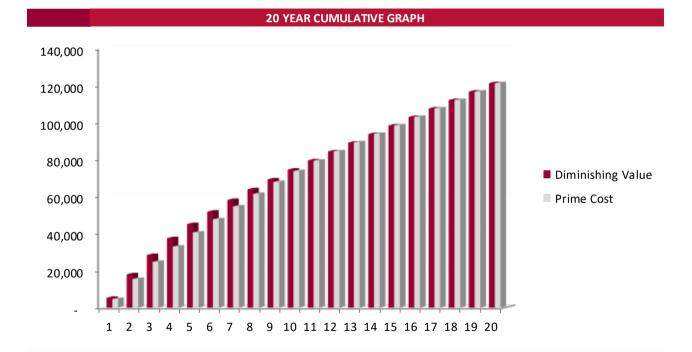
Example

	PC Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	10%	\$1,000	\$100	\$900	\$100



7. Comparison Graphs





Advantages of using diminishing value method over prime cost method, as can be seen in the 20 year comparison graph, diminishing value method has higher deductions in the first few years. Prime cost method has lower deductions over the first few years, but around the 5-6 year mark starts to give higher deductions and in later years. However cumulatively they equal out at about the 10 year mark. It comes down to whether you want the higher deductions in the first few years or the more evenly spread out deductions approach.



8. Capital Expenditure Analysed

Purchase Details	
Contract Date	23 August 2019
Settlement Date	6 March 2020
Expenditure Analysed	
Purchase Price	\$219,980
Total Expenditure Analysed	\$219,980
Historical Construction Details	
Construction Start Date	23 August 2019
Construction Completion Date	6 March 2020
Historical Construction Cost (Estimated)*	\$219,980

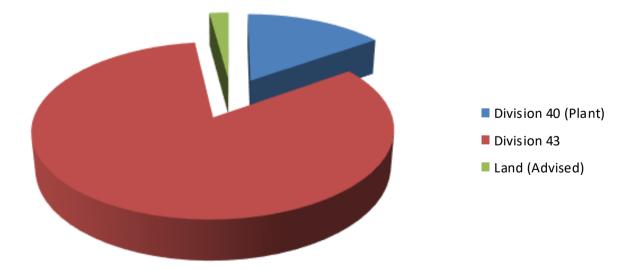
9. Reconciliation of Capital Expenditure

Apportionment of cost relating to:	
Division 40 (Plant)	\$32,754
Division 43	\$182,612
Balance of Capital Expenditure**	\$4,614
Total Expenditure Analysed	\$219,980

Notes

* The historical construction has been calculated and the eligible qualifying expenditure for the purposes of calculating the Division 43 deductions capital works has been taken from this total by excluding the plant (Division 40) and any non eligible expenditure items

** Balance of capital expenditure comprises the apportionment of all capital works which are ineligible for depreciation or capital allowances





10. Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally	Diminishing												
Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Value Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Air-conditioning assets (excl. ducting, pipes & vents)													
Mini split system upto 20KW	20.00%	6-Mar-20	6,328	401	1,185	948	759	607	486	388	311	249	373
Bathroom assets													
Exhaust fans (including light/heating)	18.75%	6-Mar-20	659	124	201	126	78	49	31	19	12	7	5
Blinds Residential	18.75%	6-Mar-20	1,958	367	597	373	233	146	91	57	36	22	14
Ceiling Fans	18.75%	6-Mar-20	2,637	494	803	502	314	196	123	77	48	30	19
Fire control assets													
Detection & alarm systems, detectors	18.75%	6-Mar-20	2,030	381	619	387	242	151	94	59	37	23	14
Floor coverings (removable without damage)													
Carpets	25.00%	6-Mar-20	4,006	317	922	692	519	389	292	328	205	128	80
Furniture	18.75%	6-Mar-20	4,153	779	1,265	791	494	309	193	121	75	47	29
Garage doors, automatic													
Motors	20.00%	6-Mar-20	1,582	100	296	237	356	222	139	87	54	34	21
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	16.67%	6-Mar-20	2,373	125	375	312	260	217	181	339	212	132	83
Kitchen assets													
Cooktops	16.67%	6-Mar-20	1,121	59	177	332	207	130	81	51	32	20	12
Dishwashers	25.00%	6-Mar-20	1,582	125	364	273	307	192	120	75	47	29	18
Ovens	16.67%	6-Mar-20	1,450	77	229	191	358	224	140	87	55	34	21
Rangehoods	18.75%	6-Mar-20	593	111	181	113	71	44	28	17	11	7	4
Lights													
Shades, removable	18.75%	6-Mar-20	1,846	346	562	351	220	137	86	54	34	21	13
\$300 items	100.00%	6-Mar-20	435	435									
Pooled Plant Total				2,602	4,228	2,974	2,879	1,800	1,125	1,370	856	535	707
Effective Life Plant Total				1,640	3,549	2,653	1,538	1,213	958	388	311	249	
Total Division 40			32,754	4,242	7,777	5,627	4,417	3,012	2,083	1,758	1,167	784	707
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance													
	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2020	2.50%	06-Mar-20	173,155	1,372	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329
Structural Improvements - Completed 2020	2.50%	06-Mar-20	9,457	75	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236
Total Division 43			182,612	1,447	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565
Total Depreciation			215,366	5,689	12,342	10,192	8,982	7,577	6,648	6,323	5,732	5,349	5,272



11. Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally	Prime Cost												
Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Air-conditioning assets (excl. ducting, pipes & vents)													
Mini split system upto 20KW	10.00%	06-Mar-20	6,328	201	633	633	633	633	633	633	633	633	633
Bathroom assets													
Exhaust fans (including light/heating)	18.75%	06-Mar-20	659	124	201	126	78	49	31	19	12	7	5
Blinds Residential	18.75%	06-Mar-20	1,958	367	597	373	233	146	91	57	36	22	14
Ceiling Fans	18.75%	06-Mar-20	2,637	494	803	502	314	196	123	77	48	30	19
Fire control assets													
Detection & alarm systems, detectors	18.75%	06-Mar-20	2,030	381	619	387	242	151	94	59	37	23	14
Floor coverings (removable without damage)													
Carpets	12.50%	06-Mar-20	4,006	159	501	501	501	501	501	501	501	341	
	40.75%	06 14 20	4.450	770	4.265	704	40.4	200	402	124	75	47	20
Furniture	18.75%	06-Mar-20	4,153	779	1,265	791	494	309	193	121	75	47	29
Garage doors, automatic													
Motors	10.00%	06-Mar-20	1,582	50	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	8.33%	06-Mar-20	2,373	63	198	198	198	198	198	198	198	198	198
Kitchen assets													
Cooktops	8.33%	06-Mar-20	1,121	30	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
Dishwashers	12.50%	06-Mar-20	1,582	63	198	198	198	198	198	198	198	133	
Ovens	8.33%	06-Mar-20	1,450	38	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121
Rangehoods	18.75%	06-Mar-20	593	111	181	113	71	44	28	17	11	7	4
Lights													
Shades, removable	18.75%	06-Mar-20	1,846	346	562	351	220	137	86	54	34	21	13
\$300 items	100.00%	06-Mar-20	435	435									
Pooled Plant Total				2,602	4,228	2,642	1,652	1,032	645	403	252	158	98
Effective Life Plant Total				1,038	4,228	1,902	1,902	1,032	1,902	1,902	1,902	1,677	1,203
Total Division 40			32,754	3,640	6,130	4,544	3,554	2,934	2,547	2,305	2,154	1,834	1,301
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	¥2	No 2	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Veer®	Year9	Veer10
Building Works - Completed 2020	2.50%	06-Mar-20	173,155	1,372	Year2 4,329	Year 3 4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	4,329	Year8 4,329	4,329	Year10 4,329
	2.5070	50 1110 20	1, 5, 155	1,572	1,525	.,525	1,525	.,525	.,525	.,525	.,525	.,525	.,525
Structural Improvements - Completed 2020	2.50%	06-Mar-20	9,457	75	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236	236
Total Division 43			182,612	1,447	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565	4,565



12. Division 43 Capital Works Schedule

The table below outlines the amount of Division 43 building write-off available for this property. The building write-off is claimed over forty years from the construction date of the works completed and is the remaining value after plant and equipment has been taken out.

Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
uilding Works - Completed 2020	23 Aug 19 to 6 Mar 20	173,155	2.50%	4,329	173,15
ub-total		173,155		4,329	173,15
Qualifying Structural Improvements					
Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Structural Improvements - Completed 2020	23 Aug 19 to 6 Mar 20	9,457	2.50%	236	9,45

Sub-total	9,457	236	9,457
Totals	182,612	4,565	182,612

The table below demonstrates the various property types and the depreciation rates for Capital expenditure deductions. Eligibility is based on the date of construction commencement.





13. Definition of Terms

Adjusted Value	This is the value of an asset after a period of decline often referred to as the written down value or WDV.	
Balancing Adjustment	The balancing adjustment amount is the difference between the termination value and the adjustable value of a depreciating asset at the time of a balancing adjustment event.	
Decline in Value	Deductions for the cost of a depreciating asset are based on the decline in value between any two dates. This report includes both methods of the decline in value of a depreciating asset; the prime cost method and diminishing value method.	
Depreciating Assets	Assets with limited effective life that are reasonably expected to decline in value.	
Diminishing Value Method	This is the method of calculating the decline in value which uses the opening adjusted value as the basis for the calculation.	
Effective Life	The effective life of a depreciating asset is how long it can be used by any entity for a taxable income producing purpose.	
Immediate WriteOff	A depreciating asset which costs less than \$300 can be immediately written off at 100% of the total cost. This is only available where the asset is not part of a set e.g. table and chairs.	
Installed Costs	This is the total cost of installing the asset inclusive of fees and labour etc.	
Low Value Pool	Low cost assets which have a value between \$300 and \$1000. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% in each subsequent years.	
Low Cost Asset	A depreciable asset with an installed cost of less than \$1000.	
Low Value Asset	A depreciable asset that has an adjusted value of less than \$1000.	
Non Eligible	This may include a proportion of the purchase price that is not claimable due to the age of the building or asset type.	
Prime Cost Method	This is a method of calculating depreciation using a constant opening cost base often referred to as the "Straight Line" method.	



14. Contact Details

COMPANY DETAILS		
Company Name	Koste Pty Ltd	
Postal Address	Suite 1, L12/133 Mary Street, Brisbane, Qld 4000	
Office Number	1300 669 400	
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15. Disclaimer

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