



Tax Depreciation Report

(Lot337) 133 The Heights Boulevard, Pimpama QLD 4209

Gaulthier Tshieindi 62 Craigholm Street SYLVANIA, NSW 2224

	Issue Schedule
Issue Date:	Issued by:
11 September 2018	Mark Kilroy BSC (Hons) MRICS



Gaulthier Tshieindi 62 Craigholm Street September 2018

Job No: RES4209198

SYLVANIA, NSW 2224

Tax Depreciation Report – (Lot337) 133 The Heights Boulevard, Pimpama QLD 4209

We thank you for choosing Koste Pty Ltd to prepare the attached Tax Depreciation report and schedule for the above property.

This report has been prepared to provide an independent review of Tax Depreciation entitlements available on the subject property, under The Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

Koste Pty Ltd are a registered tax agent (24836767) who comply with the Tax Agent Services Act 2009. The attached schedule is based on an apportionment of the total expenditure, together with the Tax Commissioners current intentions in preparing this document.

As you continue to grow your portfolio, we would be pleased to provide you with free estimates of tax depreciation allowances on purchases. We can also provide updates for \$100+GST on any revised depreciation reports which may include new capital works and write-offs on disposed assets over the coming years.

The majority of our custom is based on repeat customers and from word of mouth. Testimonials are important to our business especially on social media including Google+, LinkedIn and Facebook. If you are pleased with our service and have some time to write a short testimonial on either social media or via an email, this would be greatly appreciated.

If you or your accountant require any further clarification on the contents of this report, please do not hesitate in contacting a member of our team on 1300 669 400 where they would be more than happy to assist.

Yours Sincerely

Koste Pty Ltd

Koste Pty Ltd Tax Depreciation Quantity Surveyors





TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.	Property Information	. 2
2.	Report Details	. 3
3.	Capital Allowances	. 4
4.	Capital Works	. 6
5.	Summary of Entitlements – Diminishing Value Method	. 7
6.	Summary of Entitlements – Prime Cost Method	. 8
7.	Comparison Graphs	. 9
8.	Capital Expenditure Analysed	10
	Reconciliation of Capital Expenditure	
10.	Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule	11
11.	Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule	.12
12.	Division 43 Capital Works Schedule	13
13.	Definition of Terms	14
14.	Contact Details	15
15.	Disclaimer	16



1. Property Information

Date of Report

11 September 2018

Purchaser

Gaulthier Tshieindi

Property Address

(Lot337) 133 The Heights Boulevard, Pimpama QLD 4209

Real Property Description

L377 SP301187

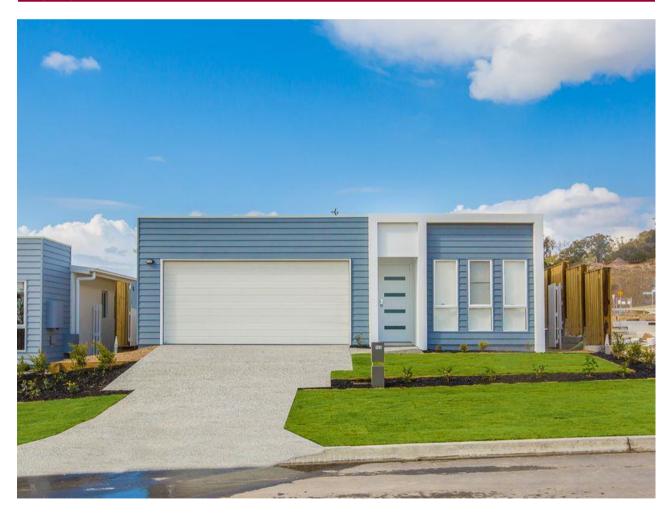
Property Type

Residential House

Date of Construction

7 September 2018

Property Photo





2. Report Details

2.1 Introduction

Koste Pty Ltd has prepared an independent Tax Depreciation Schedule for the purchase of the subject property under the Income Tax Act 1997.

We have evaluated and reported the allowances based on the following:

Division 40 (Capital Allowances)

Referred to as Depreciating Assets, identified as assets which can be removed with ease including; Appliances, Furnishings and the like. Koste will identify and provide an analysis using both Diminishing Value and Prime Cost methods of depreciation. All items which have a value less than \$300 will be written off in the first year.

Division 40 (Capital Allowances) - Low Value Pool

Low Cost Assets are depreciating assets which have a cost of between \$300 and \$1,000 at your purchase date. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year, and 37.5% in each subsequent year.

Division 43 (Capital Works)

Capital works often referred to as Building Allowances entitles the tax payer to a deduction on assessable income producing buildings and other capital works. The opening value of these assets will be calculated on the date of installation; typical assets may include Windows, Doors and Walls.



3. Capital Allowances

3.1 Entitlement

Capital Allowances Division 40 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life. A deprecating asset will deteriorate over the life and will therefore decline in value.

3.2 Qualifying Expenditure Calculation

On a property acquisition, Capital Allowances (Plant and Equipment) are based on a reasonable apportionment of the purchase price relating to qualifying plant under the Income Tax Assessment Act (ITAA) 1977 Section 40 - 195.

3.3 Effective Life

The Commissioner of Taxation provides regular tax rulings which determine the period an asset can be used to produce income. Included within this report is as new effective life rates.

3.4 Immediate Write-Off Assets

A depreciating asset which costs less than \$300 can be immediately written off under Division 40 of ITAA. Please note that this is only applicable to residential property investments.

3.5 Low Value Pool

Assets which have a starting value of between \$300 and \$1000 have been included within the Low Value Pool. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% for all subsequent years on a diminishing basis.

An asset that has a written down value under \$1000 in following years will be allocated to the low value pool and depreciated at 37.5% using diminishing value method. This method does not apply to assets that were depreciated using the prime cost method in any previous years.



3.6 Method of Depreciation

We provide you with a choice to calculate the decline in value for depreciating assets. Your choice on whether to use Diminishing Value or Prime Cost method of depreciation should be discussed with your accountant. Once a depreciation method is chosen for an asset this cannot be changed.

Diminishing Value Method	Prime Cost Method							
Diminishing value method is often the most popular form of depreciation due to the cash-flow benefits in the early years of asset ownership.	Prime Cost Method of Depreciation, often referred to as straight line depreciation is depreciated at a constant rate each year.							
Benefits	Benefits							
 Cash-flow during initial years of asset ownership Ability to use Low Value Pool for assets less than \$1000 (Note: unable to write off these assets) 	 Write off assets when they are demolished or disposed. 							
Calculation Example	Calculation Example							
Under Diminishing Value method, the effective life is dividing by 200.	Under Prime Cost method, the effective life is dividing by 100.							
200 / 10 Years = 20% (Adjusted Value)	100 / 10 Years = 10% (Straight Line)							
If an asset has a value of \$10,000 and an effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.	If an asset has a value of \$10,000 and an effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.							
Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5	Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5							
\$2,000 \$1,600 \$1,280 \$1,024 \$819.20	\$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000 \$1,000							



4. Capital Works

4.1 Entitlement

Capital Works Division 43 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life.

4.2 Method of Depreciation

Capital Works allowances under Division 43 are based on the historical construction costs and are not based on an apportionment of the purchase price. Where construction costs are not available, a qualified Quantity Surveyor will establish costs in accordance with the Tax Ruling TR97/25.

Capital Works are depreciated by Prime Cost method only, which may vary dependant on the date the construction works commenced and the property usage. Where a property has been updated over the years, capital works expenditure may be allocated in different periods. Clients must make any construction periods clear wherever possible to ensure your claim is maximised.

4.3 Method of Depreciation

Structural improvements such as fencing, paths and other hard landscaping can also be written off at 2.5% per annum if construction started after 27 February 1992.



5. Summary of Entitlements – Diminishing Value Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	7 September 18 to 30 June 19	3,492	2,171	5,663	4,348	10,011
2	1 July 19 to 30 June 20	3,260	3,891	7,151	5,361	12,512
3	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	2,637	2,432	5,069	5,361	10,430
4	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	1,649	2,483	4,132	5,361	9,493
5	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	1,207	1,872	3,078	5,361	8,439
6	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	807	1,541	2,348	5,361	7,709
7	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	646	963	1,609	5,361	6,970
8	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	330	951	1,281	5,361	6,642
9	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	264	595	859	5,361	6,220
10	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	211	372	583	5,361	5,944
11	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	0	549	549	5,361	5,910
12	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	0	343	343	5,361	5,704
13	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	0	215	215	5,361	5,576
14	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	0	134	134	5,361	5,495
15	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	0	84	84	5,361	5,445
16	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	0	52	52	5,361	5,413
17	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	0	33	33	5,361	5,394
18	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	0	20	20	5,361	5,381
19	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	0	13	13	5,361	5,374
20	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	0	8	8	5,361	5,369
21	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	0	5	5	5,361	5,366
22	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	0	3	3	5,361	5,364
23	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	2	2	5,361	5,363
24	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	1	1	5,361	5 <i>,</i> 362
25	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	1	1	5,361	5,362
26	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
27	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
28	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
29	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
30	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
31	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
32	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
33	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	0	0	5,361	5 <i>,</i> 361
34	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
35	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
36	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
37	1 July 54 to 30 June 55	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
38	1 July 55 to 30 June 56	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
39	1 July 56 to 30 June 57	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
40	2057+	0	0	0	6,382	6,382
	Totals	14,502	18,735	33,237	214,448	247,685

The diminishing value method involves multiplying the remaining amount (or also known as the written down value) of the item by the depreciation rate each year. Hence the term diminishing value method as it diminishes in value each year never quite reaching zero.

Example

	DV Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	20%	\$1,000	\$200	\$800	\$160



6. Summary of Entitlements – Prime Cost Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	7 September 18 to 30 June 19	1,851	2,171	4,022	4,348	8,370
2	1 July 19 to 30 June 20	2,022	3,528	5 <i>,</i> 550	5,361	10,911
3	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	2,022	2,205	4,227	5,361	9,588
4	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	2,022	1,378	3,400	5,361	8,761
5	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	2,022	861	2,883	5,361	8,244
6	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	2,022	538	2,560	5,361	7,921
7	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	2,022	336	2,358	5,361	7,719
8	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	2,022	210	2,232	5,361	7 <i>,</i> 593
9	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	2,022	131	2,153	5,361	7,514
10	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	2,022	82	2,104	5,361	7,465
11	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	824	51	875	5,361	6,236
12	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	531	32	563	5,361	5,924
13	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	197	20	217	5,361	5,578
14	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	58	13	70	5,361	5,431
15	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	0	8	8	5,361	5,369
16	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	0	5	5	5,361	5,366
17	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	0	3	3	5,361	5,364
18	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	0	2	2	5,361	5,363
19	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	0	1	1	5,361	5,362
20	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	0	1	1	5,361	5,362
21	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
22	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
23	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
24	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
25	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
26	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
27	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
28	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
29	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
30	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
31	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
32	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
33	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
34	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
35	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
36	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
37	1 July 54 to 30 June 55	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
38	1 July 55 to 30 June 56	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
39	1 July 56 to 30 June 57	0	0	0	5,361	5,361
40	2057+	0	0	0	6,382	6,382
	Totals	21,659	11,578	33,237	214,448	247,685

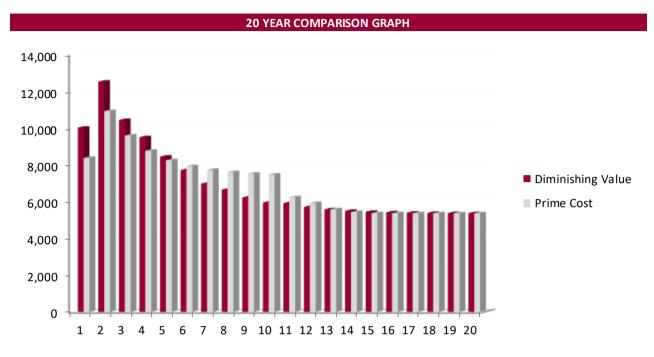
The prime cost method assumes that the item depreciates uniformly over its effective life. It is also known as straight line method and has a lower rate compared to diminishing value method. So the item depreciates at a constant rate until the written down value reaches zero.

Example

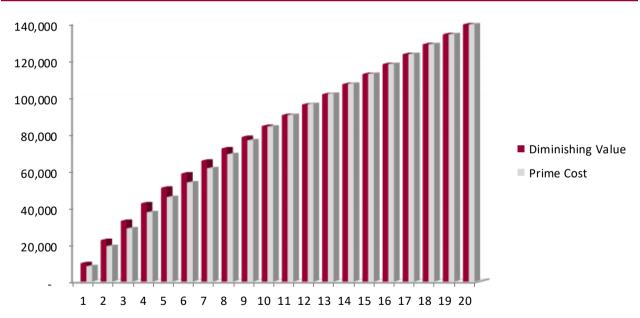
	PC Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	10%	\$1,000	\$100	\$900	\$100



7. Comparison Graphs



20 YEAR CUMULATIVE GRAPH



Advantages of using diminishing value method over prime cost method, as can be seen in the 20 year comparison graph, diminishing value method has higher deductions in the first few years. Prime cost method has lower deductions over the first few years, but around the 5-6 year mark starts to give higher deductions and in later years. However cumulatively they equal out at about the 10 year mark. It comes down to whether you want the higher deductions in the first few years or the more evenly spread out deductions approach.



8. Capital Expenditure Analysed

Construction Details				
Contract Date	17 November 2017			
Handover Date	7 September 2018			
Expenditure Analysed				
Construction Cost	\$252,300			
Total Expenditure Analysed	\$252,300			
Historical Construction Details				
Construction Start Date	17 November 2017			
Construction Completion Date	7 September 2018			
Historical Construction Cost (Advised)*	\$252,300			

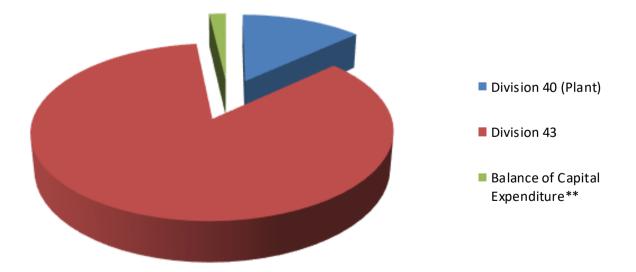
9. Reconciliation of Capital Expenditure

Apportionment of cost relating to:	
Division 40 (Plant)	\$33,237
Division 43	\$214,448
Balance of Capital Expenditure**	\$4,615
Total Expenditure Analysed	\$252,300

Notes

* The historical construction has been calculated and the eligible qualifying expenditure for the purposes of calculating the Division 43 deductions capital works has been taken from this total by excluding the plant (Division 40) and any non eligible expenditure items

** Balance of capital expenditure comprises the apportionment of all capital works which are ineligible for depreciation or capital allowances





10. Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally	Diminishing												
Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Value Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Air-conditioning assets (excl. ducting, pipes & vents)													
Mini split system upto 20KW	20.00%	7-Sep-18	7,515	1,219	1,259	1,007	806	645	516	413	330	264	211
Blinds Residential	18.75%	7-Sep-18	2,626	492	800	500	313	195	122	76	48	30	19
Ceiling Fans	18.75%	7-Sep-18	2,044	383	623	389	243	152	95	59	37	23	14
Fire control assets													
Detection & alarm systems, detectors	18.75%	7-Sep-18	2,030	381	619	387	242	151	94	59	37	23	14
Floor coverings (removable without damage)													
Carpets	20.00%	7-Sep-18	4,243	688	711	569	455	364	291	233	349	218	136
Furniture	15.00%	7-Sep-18	1,582	192	208	177	151	320	200	125	78	49	31
Furniture	18.75%	7-Sep-18	2,900	544	884	552	345	216	135	84	53	33	21
Garage doors, automatic													
Motors	20.00%	7-Sep-18	1,582	257	265	212	318	199	124	78	49	30	19
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	16.67%	7-Sep-18	2,373	321	342	285	238	198	371	232	145	91	57
Kitchen assets													
Cooktops	16.67%	7-Sep-18	1,121	151	363	227	142	89	55	35	22	14	8
Dishwashers	20.00%	7-Sep-18	1,582	257	265	212	318	199	124	78	49	30	19
Ovens	16.67%	7-Sep-18	1,450	196	209	174	327	204	128	80	50	31	19
Rangehoods	18.75%	7-Sep-18	593	111	181	113	71	44	28	17	11	7	4
Lights													
Shades, removable	18.75%	7-Sep-18	1,384	260	422	264	165	103	64	40	25	16	10
\$300 items	100.00%	7-Sep-18	211	211									
Pooled Plant Total				2,171	3,891	2,432	2,483	1,872	1,541	963	951	595	372
Effective Life Plant Total				3,492	3,260	2,637	1,649	1,207	807	646	330	264	211
Total Division 40			33,237	5,663	7,151	5,069	4,132	3,078	2,348	1,609	1,281	859	583
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance													
Pullifus Marks - Consults d 2010	Rate	07.6 46	Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2018	2.50%	07-Sep-18	204,270	4,142	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107
Structural Improvements - Completed 2018	2.50%	07-Sep-18	10,178	206	254	254	254	254	254	254	254	254	254
Total Division 43			214,448	4,348	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361
Total Depreciation			247,685	10,011	12,512	10,430	9,493	8,439	7,709	6,970	6,642	6,220	5,944



11. Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally	Prime Cost												
Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Air-conditioning assets (excl. ducting, pipes & vents)													
Mini split system upto 20KW	10.00%	07-Sep-18	7,515	609	751	751	751	751	751	751	751	751	751
Blinds Residential	18.75%	07-Sep-18	2,626	492	800	500	313	195	122	76	48	30	19
Ceiling Fans	18.75%	07-Sep-18	2,044	383	623	389	243	152	95	59	37	23	14
Fire control assets													
Detection & alarm systems, detectors	18.75%	07-Sep-18	2,030	381	619	387	242	151	94	59	37	23	14
Floor coverings (removable without damage)													
Carpets	10.00%	07-Sep-18	4,243	344	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424	424
Furniture	7.50%	07-Sep-18	1,582	96	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119	119
Furniture	18.75%	07-Sep-18	2,900	544	884	552	345	216	135	84	53	33	21
Garage doors, automatic													
Motors	10.00%	07-Sep-18	1,582	128	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	8.33%	07-Sep-18	2,373	160	198	198	198	198	198	198	198	198	198
Kitchen assets													
Cooktops	8.33%	07-Sep-18	1,121	76	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93	93
Dishwashers	10.00%	07-Sep-18	1,582	128	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158	158
Ovens	8.33%	07-Sep-18	1,450	98	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121	121
Rangehoods	18.75%	07-Sep-18	593	111	181	113	71	44	28	17	11	7	4
Lights													
Shades, removable	18.75%	07-Sep-18	1,384	260	422	264	165	103	64	40	25	16	10
\$300 items	100.00%	07-Sep-18	211	211									
Pooled Plant Total				2,171	3,528	2,205	1,378	861	538	336	210	131	82
Effective Life Plant Total				1,851	2,022	2,022	2,022	2,022	2,022	2,022	2,022	2,022	2,022
Total Division 40			33,237	4,022	5,550	4,227	3,400	2,883	2,560	2,358	2,232	2,153	2,104
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance													
	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2018	2.50%	07-Sep-18	204,270	4,142	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107	5,107
Structural Improvements - Completed 2018	2.50%	07-Sep-18	10,178	206	254	254	254	254	254	254	254	254	254
Total Division 43			214,448	4,348	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361	5,361
Total Depreciation			247,685	8,370	10,911	9,588	8,761	8,244	7,921	7,719	7,593	7,514	7,465



12. Division 43 Capital Works Schedule

The table below outlines the amount of Division 43 building write-off available for this property. The building write-off is claimed over forty years from the construction date of the works completed and is the remaining value after plant and equipment has been taken out.

Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Building Works - Completed 2018	17 Nov 17 to 7 Sep 18	204,270	2.50%	5,107	204,270
Sub-total		204,270		5,107	204,270
Qualifying Structural Improvements					
Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Structural Improvements - Completed 2018	17 Nov 17 to 7 Sep 18	10,178	2.50%	254	10,178

Sub-total	10,178	254	10,178
Totals	214,449	5,361	214,448

The table below demonstrates the various property types and the depreciation rates for Capital expenditure deductions. Eligibility is based on the date of construction commencement.





13. Definition of Terms

Adjusted Value	This is the value of an asset after a period of decline often referred to as the written down value or WDV.
Balancing Adjustment	The balancing adjustment amount is the difference between the termination value and the adjustable value of a depreciating asset at the time of a balancing adjustment event.
Decline in Value	Deductions for the cost of a depreciating asset are based on the decline in value between any two dates. This report includes both methods of the decline in value of a depreciating asset; the prime cost method and diminishing value method.
Depreciating Assets	Assets with limited effective life that are reasonably expected to decline in value.
Diminishing Value Method	This is the method of calculating the decline in value which uses the opening adjusted value as the basis for the calculation.
Effective Life	The effective life of a depreciating asset is how long it can be used by any entity for a taxable income producing purpose.
Immediate WriteOff	A depreciating asset which costs less than \$300 can be immediately written off at 100% of the total cost. This is only available where the asset is not part of a set e.g. table and chairs.
Installed Costs	This is the total cost of installing the asset inclusive of fees and labour etc.
Low Value Pool	Low cost assets which have a value between \$300 and \$1000. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% in each subsequent years.
Low Cost Asset	A depreciable asset with an installed cost of less than \$1000.
Low Value Asset	A depreciable asset that has an adjusted value of less than \$1000.
Non Eligible	This may include a proportion of the purchase price that is not claimable due to the age of the building or asset type.
Prime Cost Method	This is a method of calculating depreciation using a constant opening cost base often referred to as the "Straight Line" method.



14. Contact Details

COMPANY DETAILS		
Company Name	Koste Pty Ltd	
Postal Address	Suite 1, L12/133 Mary Street, Brisbane, Qld 4000	
Office Number	1300 669 400	
Office Email	info@koste.com.au	

LEAD SURVEYOR DETAILS		
Surveyors Name	Mark Kilroy	
Tax Agent Number	24370523	
Contact Number	1300 669 400	
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15. Disclaimer

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the parties named within this report, Koste Pty Ltd does not accept any contractual, tortious or other form of liability for any consequences that may arise from any other person acting upon or using this valuation.