Tax Depreciation Report

Suite 806, 1-3 Queens Road,
Melbourne VIC 3004

Fei Zhang
PO Box 286
CHADSTONE CENTRE, VIC 3148

Issue Schedule	
Issue Date:	Issued by:
23 October 2018	Mark Kilroy Bsc (Hons) MRICS

Fei Zhang
PO Box 286
CHADSTONE CENTRE, VIC 3148

October 2018
Job No: COM3004001

Tax Depreciation Report – Suite 806, 1-3 Queens Road, Melbourne VIC 3004

We thank you for choosing Koste Pty Ltd to prepare the attached Tax Depreciation report and schedule for the above property.

This report has been prepared to provide an independent review of Tax Depreciation entitlements available on the subject property, under The Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

Koste Pty Ltd are a registered tax agent (24836767) who comply with the Tax Agent Services Act 2009. The attached schedule is based on an apportionment of the total expenditure, together with the Tax Commissioners current intentions in preparing this document.

As you continue to grow your portfolio, we would be pleased to provide you with free estimates of tax depreciation allowances on purchases. We can also provide updates for $100+GST on any revised depreciation reports which may include new capital works and write-offs on disposed assets over the coming years.

The majority of our custom is based on repeat customers and from word of mouth. Testimonials are important to our business especially on social media including Google+, LinkedIn and Facebook. If you are pleased with our service and have some time to write a short testimonial on either social media or via an email, this would be greatly appreciated.

If you or your accountant require any further clarification on the contents of this report, please do not hesitate in contacting a member of our team on 1300 669 400 where they would be more than happy to assist.

Yours Sincerely

Koste Pty Ltd

Koste Pty Ltd
Tax Depreciation Quantity Surveyors

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1. Property Information

Date of Report

23 October 2018

Purchaser

Fei Zhang

Property Address

Suite 806, 1-3 Queens Road, Melbourne VIC 3004

Real Property Description

LOT 806 PS500424

Property Type

Commercial Office

Date of Construction

1 June 2003

Property Photo

2. Report Details

2.1 Introduction

Koste Pty Ltd has prepared an independent Tax Depreciation Schedule for the purchase of the subject property under the Income Tax Act 1997.

We have evaluated and reported the allowances based on the following:

Division 40 (Capital Allowances)
Referred to as Depreciating Assets, identified as assets which can be removed with ease including; Appliances, Furnishings and the like. Koste will identify and provide an analysis using both Diminishing Value and Prime Cost methods of depreciation. All items which have a value less than $300 will be written off in the first year.

Division 40 (Capital Allowances) - Low Value Pool
Low Cost Assets are depreciating assets which have a cost of between $300 and $1,000 at your purchase date. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year, and 37.5% in each subsequent year.

Division 43 (Capital Works)
Capital works often referred to as Building Allowances entitles the tax payer to a deduction on assessable income producing buildings and other capital works. The opening value of these assets will be calculated on the date of installation; typical assets may include Windows, Doors and Walls.

3. Capital Allowances

3.1 Entitlement

Capital Allowances Division 40 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life. A deprecating asset will deteriorate over the life and will therefore decline in value.

3.2 Qualifying Expenditure Calculation

On a property acquisition, Capital Allowances (Plant and Equipment) are based on a reasonable apportionment of the purchase price relating to qualifying plant under the Income Tax Assessment Act (ITAA) 1977 Section 40 – 195.

3.3 Effective Life

The Commissioner of Taxation provides regular tax rulings which determine the period an asset can be used to produce income. Included within this report is as new effective life rates.

3.4 Immediate Write-Off Assets

A depreciating asset which costs less than $300 can be immediately written off under Division 40 of ITAA. Please note that this is only applicable to residential property investments.

3.5 Low Value Pool

Assets which have a starting value of between $300 and $1000 have been included within the Low Value Pool. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% for all subsequent years on a diminishing basis.

An asset that has a written down value under $1000 in following years will be allocated to the low value pool and depreciated at 37.5% using diminishing value method. This method does not apply to assets that were depreciated using the prime cost method in any previous years.

3.6 Method of Depreciation

We provide you with a choice to calculate the decline in value for depreciating assets. Your choice on whether to use Diminishing Value or Prime Cost method of depreciation should be discussed with your accountant. Once a depreciation method is chosen for an asset this cannot be changed.

Diminishing Value Method

Diminishing value method is often the most popular form of depreciation due to the cash-flow benefits in the early years of asset ownership.

Benefits

- Cash-flow during initial years of asset ownership
- Ability to use Low Value Pool for assets less than $1000 (Note: unable to write off these assets)

Calculation Example

Under Diminishing Value method, the effective life is dividing by 200.

200 / 10 Years = 20% (Adjusted Value)

If an asset has a value of $10,000 and an effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
$2,000	$1,600	$1,280	$1,024	$819.20

Prime Cost Method

Prime Cost Method of Depreciation, often referred to as straight line depreciation is depreciated at a constant rate each year.

Benefits

- Write off assets when they are demolished or disposed.

Calculation Example

Under Prime Cost method, the effective life is dividing by 100.

100 / 10 Years = 10% (Straight Line)

If an asset has a value of $10,000 and an effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
$1,000	$1,000	$1,000	$1,000	$1,000

4. Capital Works

4.1 Entitlement

Capital Works Division 43 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life.

4.2 Method of Depreciation

Capital Works allowances under Division 43 are based on the historical construction costs and are not based on an apportionment of the purchase price. Where construction costs are not available, a qualified Quantity Surveyor will establish costs in accordance with the Tax Ruling TR97/25.

Capital Works are depreciated by Prime Cost method only, which may vary dependant on the date the construction works commenced and the property usage. Where a property has been updated over the years, capital works expenditure may be allocated in different periods. Clients must make any construction periods clear wherever possible to ensure your claim is maximised.

4.3 Method of Depreciation

Structural improvements such as fencing, paths and other hard landscaping can also be written off at 2.5% per annum if construction started after 27 February 1992.

5. Summary of Entitlements – Diminishing Value Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	26 November 15 to 30 June 16	1,078	236	1,314	1,009	**2,323**
2	1 July 16 to 30 June 17	1,474	384	1,858	1,703	**3,561**
3	1 July 17 to 30 June 18	934	586	1,520	1,703	**3,223**
4	1 July 18 to 30 June 19	290	717	1,007	1,703	**2,710**
5	1 July 19 to 30 June 20	271	448	719	1,703	**2,422**
6	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	253	280	533	1,703	**2,236**
7	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	236	175	411	1,703	**2,114**
8	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	220	109	329	1,703	**2,032**
9	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	205	68	274	1,703	**1,977**
10	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	192	43	234	1,703	**1,937**
11	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	179	27	206	1,703	**1,909**
12	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	167	17	184	1,703	**1,887**
13	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	156	10	166	1,703	**1,869**
14	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	145	7	152	1,703	**1,855**
15	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	136	4	140	1,703	**1,843**
16	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	127	3	129	1,703	**1,832**
17	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	118	2	120	1,703	**1,823**
18	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	110	1	111	1,703	**1,814**
19	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	103	1	104	1,703	**1,807**
20	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	96	0	97	1,703	**1,800**
21	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	90	0	90	1,703	**1,793**
22	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	84	0	84	1,703	**1,787**
23	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	78	0	78	1,703	**1,781**
24	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	73	0	73	1,703	**1,776**
25	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	68	0	68	1,703	**1,771**
26	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	358	358	1,703	**2,061**
27	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	223	223	1,703	**1,926**
28	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	140	140	1,551	**1,691**
29	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	87	87	38	**125**
30	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	55	55	33	**88**
31	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	34	34	33	**67**
32	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	21	21	33	**54**
33	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	13	13	33	**46**
34	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	8	8	33	**41**
35	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	5	5	33	**38**
36	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	3	3	33	**36**
37	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	2	2	27	**29**
38	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	1	1	11	**12**
39	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	1	1	0	**1**
40	2054+	0	1	1	0	**1**
	Totals	**6,882**	**4,072**	**10,954**	**47,145**	**58,099**

The diminishing value method involves multiplying the remaining amount (or also known as the written down value) of the item by the depreciation rate each year. Hence the term diminishing value method as it diminishes in value each year never quite reaching zero.

Example

	DV Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	20%	$1,000	$200	$800	$160

6. Summary of Entitlements – Prime Cost Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	26 November 15 to 30 June 16	539	236	775	1,009	**1,784**
2	1 July 16 to 30 June 17	909	384	1,293	1,703	**2,996**
3	1 July 17 to 30 June 18	909	240	1,149	1,703	**2,852**
4	1 July 18 to 30 June 19	909	150	1,059	1,703	**2,762**
5	1 July 19 to 30 June 20	909	94	1,003	1,703	**2,706**
6	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	504	59	563	1,703	**2,266**
7	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	228	37	265	1,703	**1,968**
8	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	228	23	251	1,703	**1,954**
9	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	228	14	242	1,703	**1,945**
10	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	228	9	237	1,703	**1,940**
11	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	228	6	234	1,703	**1,937**
12	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	228	3	231	1,703	**1,934**
13	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	228	2	230	1,703	**1,933**
14	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	228	1	229	1,703	**1,932**
15	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	228	1	229	1,703	**1,932**
16	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	228	1	229	1,703	**1,932**
17	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	228	0	228	1,703	**1,931**
18	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	228	0	228	1,703	**1,931**
19	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	228	0	228	1,703	**1,931**
20	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	228	0	228	1,703	**1,931**
21	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	187	0	187	1,703	**1,890**
22	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	173	0	173	1,703	**1,876**
23	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	173	0	173	1,703	**1,876**
24	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	173	0	173	1,703	**1,876**
25	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	173	0	173	1,703	**1,876**
26	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	173	0	173	1,703	**1,876**
27	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	173	0	173	1,703	**1,876**
28	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	173	0	173	1,551	**1,724**
29	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	173	0	173	38	**211**
30	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	173	0	173	33	**206**
31	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	79	0	79	33	**112**
32	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	0	0	33	**33**
33	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	0	0	33	**33**
34	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	0	0	33	**33**
35	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	0	0	33	**33**
36	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	0	0	33	**33**
37	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	0	0	27	**27**
38	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	11	**11**
39	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	0	**0**
40	2054+	0	0	0	0	**0**
	Totals	**9,695**	**1,259**	**10,954**	**47,145**	**58,099**

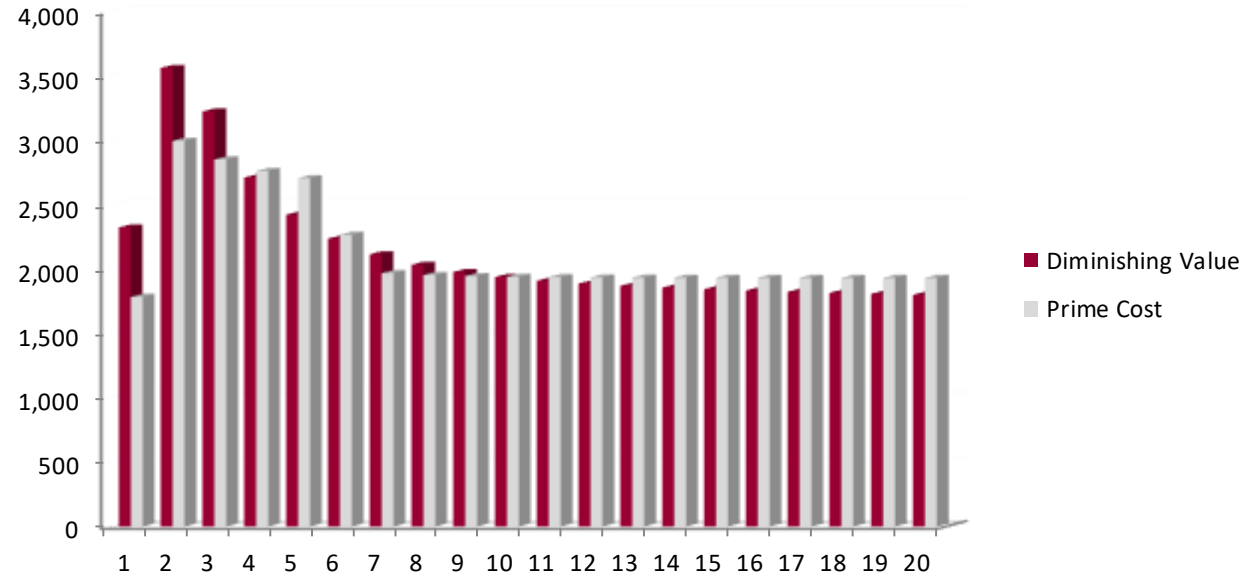
The prime cost method assumes that the item depreciates uniformly over its effective life. It is also known as straight line method and has a lower rate compared to diminishing value method. So the item depreciates at a constant rate until the written down value reaches zero.

Example

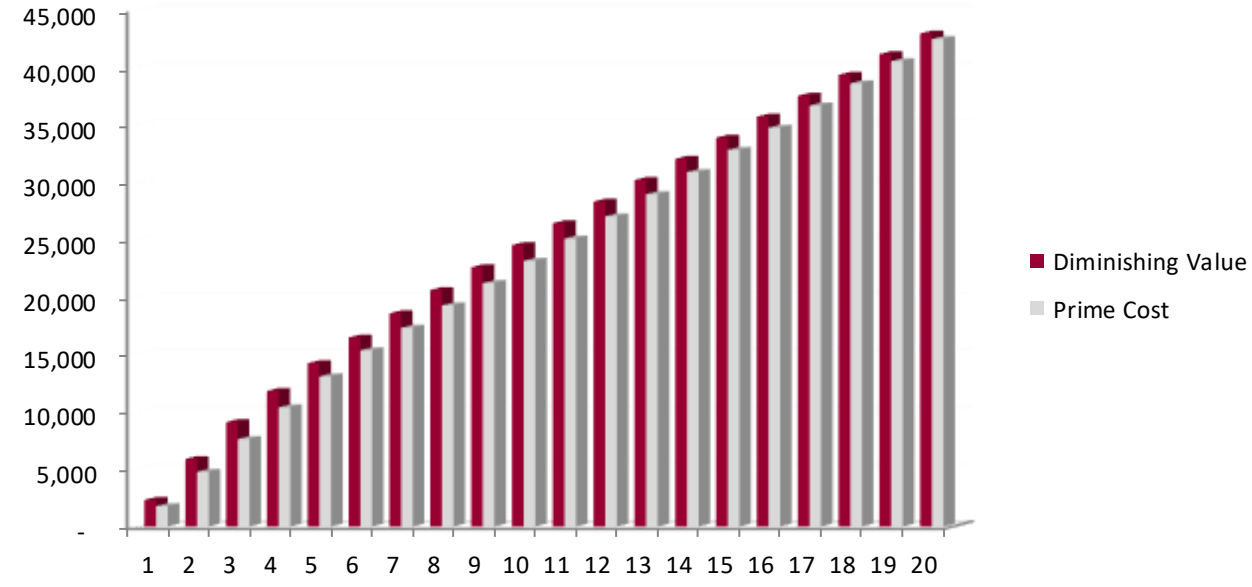
	PC Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	10%	$1,000	$100	$900	$100

7. Comparison Graphs

20 YEAR COMPARISON GRAPH



20 YEAR CUMULATIVE GRAPH



Advantages of using diminishing value method over prime cost method, as can be seen in the 20 year comparison graph, diminishing value method has higher deductions in the first few years. Prime cost method has lower deductions over the first few years, but around the 5-6 year mark starts to give higher deductions and in later years. However cumulatively they equal out at about the 10 year mark. It comes down to whether you want the higher deductions in the first few years or the more evenly spread out deductions approach.

8. Capital Expenditure Analysed

Purchase Details	
Contract Date	26 October 2015
Settlement Date	26 November 2015

Expenditure Analysed	
Purchase Price	$145,000
Total Expenditure Analysed	**$150,000**

Historical Construction Details	
Construction Start Date	16 June 2002
Construction Completion Date	1 June 2003
Historical Construction Cost (Advised)*	$74,843

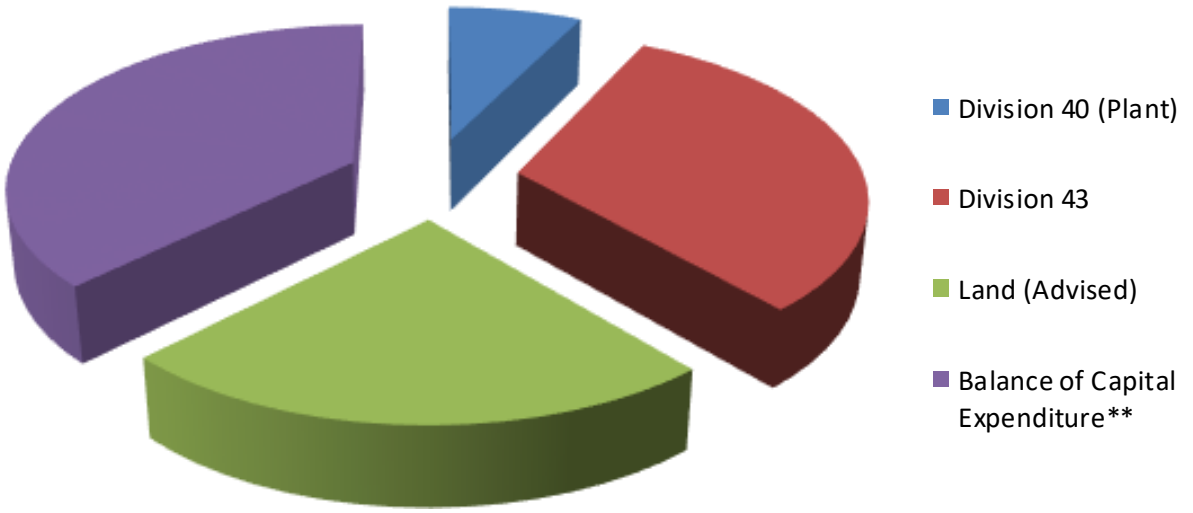
9. Reconciliation of Capital Expenditure

Apportionment of cost relating to:	
Division 40 (Plant)	$10,954
Division 43	$47,145
Land (Advised)	$35,638
Balance of Capital Expenditure**	$56,263
Total Expenditure Analysed	**$150,000**

Notes

* The historical construction has been calculated and the eligible qualifying expenditure for the purposes of calculating the Division 43 deductions capital works has been taken from this total by excluding the plant (Division 40) and any non eligible expenditure items

** Balance of capital expenditure comprises the apportionment of all capital works which are ineligible for depreciation or capital allowances



10. Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Diminishing Value Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Computer systems													
Building management system	18.75%	26-Nov-15	38	7	12	7	5	3	2	1	1	0	0
Door closers	18.75%	26-Nov-15	338	63	103	64	40	25	16	10	6	4	2
Electrical Machinery & Equipment :													
Switchboards	10.00%	26-Nov-15	1,092	65	103	347	217	135	85	53	33	21	13
Fire control assets													
Detection & alarm systems, detectors	18.75%	26-Nov-15	14	3	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Detection & alarm systems, fire indicator panel	18.75%	26-Nov-15	48	9	15	9	6	4	2	1	1	1	0
Emergency warning & intercommunication system	18.75%	26-Nov-15	16	3	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Hoses and nozzles	18.75%	26-Nov-15	26	5	8	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0
Pumps, diesel & electric	18.75%	26-Nov-15	16	3	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Fire extinguishers	18.75%	26-Nov-15	43	8	13	8	5	3	2	1	1	0	0
Fire sprinklers - pumps only	18.75%	26-Nov-15	16	3	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Floor coverings (removable without damage)													
Carpets	40.00%	26-Nov-15	3,404	807	1,039	623	351	219	137	86	53	33	21
Furniture	18.75%	26-Nov-15	19	4	6	4	2	1	1	1	0	0	0
Gymnasium equipment													
Electronic	18.75%	26-Nov-15	21	4	6	4	2	2	1	1	0	0	0
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	18.75%	26-Nov-15	69	13	21	13	8	5	3	2	1	1	0
Lifts (including hydraulic & tractions lifts)	6.67%	26-Nov-15	5,199	205	333	311	290	271	253	236	220	205	192
Lights													
Emergency	18.75%	26-Nov-15	6	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fittings	18.75%	26-Nov-15	512	96	156	98	61	38	24	15	9	6	4
MATV - amplifiers & modulators	18.75%	26-Nov-15	71	13	22	14	8	5	3	2	1	1	1
Security systems & equipment													
Electronic	18.75%	26-Nov-15	6	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pooled Plant Total				236	384	586	717	448	280	175	109	68	43
Effective Life Plant Total				1,078	1,474	934	290	271	253	236	220	205	192
Total Division 40			10,954	1,314	1,858	1,520	1,007	719	533	411	329	274	234

Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule (cont.)

Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2003	2.50%	26-Nov-15	45,790	987	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665
Building Works - Completed 2012	2.50%	26-Nov-15	779	12	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Structural Improvements - Completed 2003	2.50%	26-Nov-15	143	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Structural Improvements - Completed 2012	2.50%	26-Nov-15	433	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Total Division 43			**47,145**	**1,009**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**	**1,703**
Total Depreciation			**58,099**	**2,323**	**3,561**	**3,223**	**2,710**	**2,422**	**2,236**	**2,114**	**2,032**	**1,977**	**1,937**

11. Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Prime Cost Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Computer systems													
Building management system	18.75%	26-Nov-15	38	7	12	7	5	3	2	1	1	0	0
Door closers	18.75%	26-Nov-15	338	63	103	64	40	25	16	10	6	4	2
Electrical Machinery & Equipment :													
Switchboards	5.00%	26-Nov-15	1,092	32	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55	55
Fire control assets													
Detection & alarm systems, detectors	18.75%	26-Nov-15	14	3	4	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Detection & alarm systems, fire indicator panel	18.75%	26-Nov-15	48	9	15	9	6	4	2	1	1	1	0
Emergency warning & intercommunication system	18.75%	26-Nov-15	16	3	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Hoses and nozzles	18.75%	26-Nov-15	26	5	8	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0
Pumps, diesel & electric	18.75%	26-Nov-15	16	3	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Fire extinguishers	18.75%	26-Nov-15	43	8	13	8	5	3	2	1	1	0	0
Fire sprinklers - pumps only	18.75%	26-Nov-15	16	3	5	3	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Floor coverings (removable without damage)													
Carpets	20.00%	26-Nov-15	3,404	404	681	681	681	681	276				
Furniture	18.75%	26-Nov-15	19	4	6	4	2	1	1	1	0	0	0
Gymnasium equipment													
Electronic	18.75%	26-Nov-15	21	4	6	4	2	2	1	1	0	0	0
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	18.75%	26-Nov-15	69	13	21	13	8	5	3	2	1	1	0
Lifts (including hydraulic & tractions lifts)	3.33%	26-Nov-15	5,199	103	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	173	173
Lights													
Emergency	18.75%	26-Nov-15	6	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fittings	18.75%	26-Nov-15	512	96	156	98	61	38	24	15	9	6	4
MATV - amplifiers & modulators	18.75%	26-Nov-15	71	13	22	14	8	5	3	2	1	1	1
Security systems & equipment													
Electronic	18.75%	26-Nov-15	6	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pooled Plant Total				236	384	240	150	94	59	37	23	14	9
Effective Life Plant Total				539	909	909	909	909	504	228	228	228	228
Total Division 40			10,954	775	1,293	1,149	1,059	1,003	563	265	251	242	237

Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule (cont.)

Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2003	2.50%	26-Nov-15	45,790	987	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665	1,665
Building Works - Completed 2012	2.50%	26-Nov-15	779	12	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Structural Improvements - Completed 2003	2.50%	26-Nov-15	143	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Structural Improvements - Completed 2012	2.50%	26-Nov-15	433	7	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Total Division 43			47,145	1,009	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,703	1,703
Total Depreciation			**58,099**	**1,784**	**2,996**	**2,852**	**2,762**	**2,706**	**2,266**	**1,968**	**1,954**	**1,945**	**1,940**

12. Division 43 Capital Works Schedule

The table below outlines the amount of Division 43 building write-off available for this property. The building write-off is claimed over forty years from the construction date of the works completed and is the remaining value after plant and equipment has been taken out.

Qualifying Building Allowance

Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Building Works - Completed 2003	*16 Jun 02 to 1 Jun 03*	*66,594*	*2.50%*	*1,665*	*45,790*
Building Works - Completed 2012	*3 May 12 to 2 Jun 12*	*854*	*2.50%*	*21*	*779*
Sub-total		*67,447*		*1,686*	*46,569*

Qualifying Structural Improvements

Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Structural Improvements - Completed 2003	*16 Jun 02 to 1 Jun 03*	*208*	*2.50%*	*5*	*143*
Structural Improvements - Completed 2012	*3 May 12 to 2 Jun 12*	*474*	*2.50%*	*12*	*433*
Sub-total		*683*		*17*	*576*
Totals		*68,130*		*1,703*	*47,145*

The table below demonstrates the various property types and the depreciation rates for Capital expenditure deductions. Eligibility is based on the date of construction commencement.

13. Definition of Terms

Adjusted Value	This is the value of an asset after a period of decline often referred to as the written down value or WDV.
Balancing Adjustment	The balancing adjustment amount is the difference between the termination value and the adjustable value of a depreciating asset at the time of a balancing adjustment event.
Decline in Value	Deductions for the cost of a depreciating asset are based on the decline in value between any two dates. This report includes both methods of the decline in value of a depreciating asset; the prime cost method and diminishing value method.
Depreciating Assets	Assets with limited effective life that are reasonably expected to decline in value.
Diminishing Value Method	This is the method of calculating the decline in value which uses the opening adjusted value as the basis for the calculation.
Effective Life	The effective life of a depreciating asset is how long it can be used by any entity for a taxable income producing purpose.
Immediate WriteOff	A depreciating asset which costs less than $300 can be immediately written off at 100% of the total cost. This is only available where the asset is not part of a set e.g. table and chairs.
Installed Costs	This is the total cost of installing the asset inclusive of fees and labour etc.
Low Value Pool	Low cost assets which have a value between $300 and $1000. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% in each subsequent years.
Low Cost Asset	A depreciable asset with an installed cost of less than $1000.
Low Value Asset	A depreciable asset that has an adjusted value of less than $1000.
Non Eligible	This may include a proportion of the purchase price that is not claimable due to the age of the building or asset type.
Prime Cost Method	This is a method of calculating depreciation using a constant opening cost base often referred to as the "Straight Line" method.

14. Contact Details

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15. Disclaimer

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the parties named within this report, Koste Pty Ltd does not accept any contractual, tortious or other form of liability for any consequences that may arise from any other person acting upon or using this valuation.