



Tax Depreciation Report

Spiced by Billu, 7/33 Barangaroo Avenue, Barangaroo, NSW 2000

ATAX Accounting and Financial Services 7/33 Barangaroo Avenue BARANGAROO, NSW 2000

	Issue Schedule
Issue Date:	Issued by:
16 January 2019	Mark Kilroy Bsc (Hons) MRICS



ATAX Accounting and Financial Services 7/33 Barangaroo Avenue BARANGAROO, NSW 2000

January 2019 Job No: COM2000007

<u>Tax Depreciation Report - Spiced by Billu, 7/33 Barangaroo Avenue, Barangaroo, NSW 2000</u>

We thank you for choosing Koste Pty Ltd to prepare the attached Tax Depreciation report and schedule for the above property.

This report has been prepared to provide an independent review of Tax Depreciation entitlements available on the subject property, under The Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

Koste Pty Ltd are a registered tax agent (24836767) who comply with the Tax Agent Services Act 2009. The attached schedule is based on an apportionment of the total expenditure, together with the Tax Commissioners current intentions in preparing this document.

As you continue to grow your portfolio, we would be pleased to provide you with free estimates of tax depreciation allowances on purchases. We can also provide updates for \$100+GST on any revised depreciation reports which may include new capital works and write-offs on disposed assets over the coming years.

The majority of our custom is based on repeat customers and from word of mouth. Testimonials are important to our business especially on social media including Google+, LinkedIn and Facebook. If you are pleased with our service and have some time to write a short testimonial on either social media or via an email, this would be greatly appreciated.

If you or your accountant require any further clarification on the contents of this report, please do not hesitate in contacting a member of our team on 1300 669 400 where they would be more than happy to assist.

Yours Sincerely

Koste Pty Ltd

Tax Depreciation Quantity Surveyors

Koste Pty Ltd



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1. Property Information

Date of Report

16 January 2019

Purchaser

ATAX Accounting and Financial Services

Property Address

Spiced by Billu, 7/33 Barangaroo Avenue, Barangaroo, NSW 2000

Property Type

Commercial

Date of Construction

1 January 2017

Property Photo





2. Report Details

2.1 Introduction

Koste Pty Ltd has prepared an independent Tax Depreciation Schedule for the purchase of the subject property under the Income Tax Act 1997.

We have evaluated and reported the allowances based on the following:

Division 40 (Capital Allowances)

Referred to as Depreciating Assets, identified as assets which can be removed with ease including; Appliances, Furnishings and the like. Koste will identify and provide an analysis using both Diminishing Value and Prime Cost methods of depreciation. All items which have a value less than \$300 will be written off in the first year.

Division 40 (Capital Allowances) - Low Value Pool

Low Cost Assets are depreciating assets which have a cost of between \$300 and \$1,000 at your purchase date. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year, and 37.5% in each subsequent year.

Division 43 (Capital Works)

Capital works often referred to as Building Allowances entitles the tax payer to a deduction on assessable income producing buildings and other capital works. The opening value of these assets will be calculated on the date of installation; typical assets may include Windows, Doors and Walls.



3. Capital Allowances

3.1 Entitlement

Capital Allowances Division 40 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life. A deprecating asset will deteriorate over the life and will therefore decline in value.

3.2 Qualifying Expenditure Calculation

On a property acquisition, Capital Allowances (Plant and Equipment) are based on a reasonable apportionment of the purchase price relating to qualifying plant under the Income Tax Assessment Act (ITAA) 1977 Section 40 - 195.

3.3 Effective Life

The Commissioner of Taxation provides regular tax rulings which determine the period an asset can be used to produce income. Included within this report is as new effective life rates.

3.4 Immediate Write-Off Assets

A depreciating asset which costs less than \$300 can be immediately written off under Division 40 of ITAA. Please note that this is only applicable to residential property investments.

3.5 Low Value Pool

Assets which have a starting value of between \$300 and \$1000 have been included within the Low Value Pool. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% for all subsequent years on a diminishing basis.

An asset that has a written down value under \$1000 in following years will be allocated to the low value pool and depreciated at 37.5% using diminishing value method. This method does not apply to assets that were depreciated using the prime cost method in any previous years.



3.6 Method of Depreciation

We provide you with a choice to calculate the decline in value for depreciating assets. Your choice on whether to use Diminishing Value or Prime Cost method of depreciation should be discussed with your accountant. Once a depreciation method is chosen for an asset this cannot be changed.

Diminishing Value Method

Diminishing value method is often the most popular form of depreciation due to the cash-flow benefits in the early years of asset ownership.

Benefits

- Cash-flow during initial years of asset ownership
- Ability to use Low Value Pool for assets less than \$1000 (Note: unable to write off these assets)

Calculation Example

Under Diminishing Value method, the effective life is dividing by 200.

200 / 10 Years = 20% (Adjusted Value)

If an asset has a value of \$10,000 and an effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
\$2,000	\$1,600	\$1,280	\$1,024	\$819.20

Prime Cost Method

Prime Cost Method of Depreciation, often referred to as straight line depreciation is depreciated at a constant rate each year.

Benefits

• Write off assets when they are demolished or disposed.

Calculation Example

Under Prime Cost method, the effective life is dividing by 100.

100 / 10 Years = 10% (Straight Line)

If an asset has a value of \$10,000 and an effective life of 10 years the following annual depreciation may be claimed.

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000



4. Capital Works

4.1 Entitlement

Capital Works Division 43 of the Income Tax Act 1997 allows the taxpayer to a deduction of the decline in value of a depreciating asset used for income producing purpose over its effective life.

4.2 Method of Depreciation

Capital Works allowances under Division 43 are based on the historical construction costs and are not based on an apportionment of the purchase price. Where construction costs are not available, a qualified Quantity Surveyor will establish costs in accordance with the Tax Ruling TR97/25.

Capital Works are depreciated by Prime Cost method only, which may vary dependant on the date the construction works commenced and the property usage. Where a property has been updated over the years, capital works expenditure may be allocated in different periods. Clients must make any construction periods clear wherever possible to ensure your claim is maximised.

4.3 Method of Depreciation

Structural improvements such as fencing, paths and other hard landscaping can also be written off at 2.5% per annum if construction started after 27 February 1992.



5. Summary of Entitlements – Diminishing Value Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	1 January 17 to 30 June 17	30,364	3,286	33,650	10,818	44,468
2	1 July 17 to 30 June 18	39,005	5,680	44,685	21,936	66,621
3	1 July 18 to 30 June 19	28,688	3,889	32,577	21,936	54,513
4	1 July 19 to 30 June 20	21,371	2,788	24,159	21,936	46,095
5	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	16,483	1,743	18,226	21,936	40,162
6	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	12,147	2,022	14,169	21,936	36,105
7	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	9,389	1,570	10,958	21,936	32,894
8	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	7,159	1,575	8,733	21,936	30,669
9	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	5,678	1,318	6,996	21,936	28,932
10	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	4,614	824	5,438	21,936	27,374
11	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	3,630	877	4,507	21,936	26,443
12	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	2,957	548	3,506	21,936	25,442
13	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	2,415	343	2,758	21,936	24,694
14	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	1,787	499	2,285	21,936	24,221
15	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	1,479	312	1,790	21,936	23,726
16	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	1,128	562	1,690	21,936	23,626
17	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	930	351	1,281	21,936	23,217
18	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	571	588	1,159	21,936	23,095
19	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	303	694	997	21,936	22,933
20	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	0	1,121	1,121	21,936	23,057
21	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	0	701	701	21,936	22,637
22	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	0	438	438	21,936	22,374
23	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	0	274	274	21,936	22,210
24	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	0	171	171	21,936	22,107
25	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	107	107	21,936	22,043
26	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	67	67	21,936	22,003
27	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	42	42	21,936	21,978
28	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	26	26	21,936	21,962
29	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	16	16	21,936	21,952
30	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	10	10	21,936	21,946
31	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	6	6	21,936	21,942
32	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	4	4	21,936	21,940
33	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	2	2	21,936	21,938
34	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	2	2	21,936	21,938
35	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	1	1	21,936	21,937
36	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	1	1	21,936	21,937
37	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
38	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
39	1 July 54 to 30 June 55	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
40	2055+	0	0	0	33,059	33,059
	Totals	190,097	32,458	222,555	877,445	1,100,000

The diminishing value method involves multiplying the remaining amount (or also known as the written down value) of the item by the depreciation rate each year. Hence the term diminishing value method as it diminishes in value each year never quite reaching zero.

Example

	DV Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carpet	20%	\$1,000	\$200	\$800	\$160



6. Summary of Entitlements – Prime Cost Method

Year	Financial Year	Effective Life	Pooled Plant	Total Div 40	Division 43	Totals
1	1 January 17 to 30 June 17	16,130	3,286	19,416	10,818	30,234
2	1 July 17 to 30 June 18	24,801	5,340	30,141	21,936	52,077
3	1 July 18 to 30 June 19	23,827	3,338	27,165	21,936	49,101
4	1 July 19 to 30 June 20	22,603	2,086	24,689	21,936	46,625
5	1 July 20 to 30 June 21	22,375	1,304	23,679	21,936	45,615
6	1 July 21 to 30 June 22	19,497	815	20,312	21,936	42,248
7	1 July 22 to 30 June 23	16,108	509	16,618	21,936	38,554
8	1 July 23 to 30 June 24	14,958	318	15,277	21,936	37,213
9	1 July 24 to 30 June 25	13,123	199	13,322	21,936	35,258
10	1 July 25 to 30 June 26	11,397	124	11,521	21,936	33,457
11	1 July 26 to 30 June 27	7,364	78	7,442	21,936	29,378
12	1 July 27 to 30 June 28	3,229	49	3,278	21,936	25,214
13	1 July 28 to 30 June 29	3,131	30	3,161	21,936	25,097
14	1 July 29 to 30 June 30	2,776	19	2,795	21,936	24,731
15	1 July 30 to 30 June 31	1,415	12	1,427	21,936	23,363
16	1 July 31 to 30 June 32	873	7	880	21,936	22,816
17	1 July 32 to 30 June 33	315	5	320	21,936	22,256
18	1 July 33 to 30 June 34	315	3	318	21,936	22,254
19	1 July 34 to 30 June 35	315	2	317	21,936	22,253
20	1 July 35 to 30 June 36	315	1	316	21,936	22,252
21	1 July 36 to 30 June 37	160	1	160	21,936	22,096
22	1 July 37 to 30 June 38	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
23	1 July 38 to 30 June 39	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
24	1 July 39 to 30 June 40	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
25	1 July 40 to 30 June 41	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
26	1 July 41 to 30 June 42	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
27	1 July 42 to 30 June 43	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
28	1 July 43 to 30 June 44	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
29	1 July 44 to 30 June 45	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
30	1 July 45 to 30 June 46	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
31	1 July 46 to 30 June 47	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
32	1 July 47 to 30 June 48	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
33	1 July 48 to 30 June 49	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
34	1 July 49 to 30 June 50	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
35	1 July 50 to 30 June 51	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
36	1 July 51 to 30 June 52	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
37	1 July 52 to 30 June 53	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
38	1 July 53 to 30 June 54	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
39	1 July 54 to 30 June 55	0	0	0	21,936	21,936
40	2055+	0	0	0	33,059	33,059
	Totals	205,028	17,527	222,555	877,445	1,100,000
	<u> </u>					

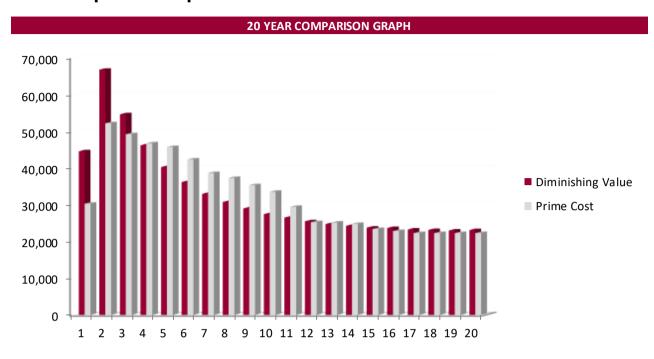
The prime cost method assumes that the item depreciates uniformly over its effective life. It is also known as straight line method and has a lower rate compared to diminishing value method. So the item depreciates at a constant rate until the written down value reaches zero.

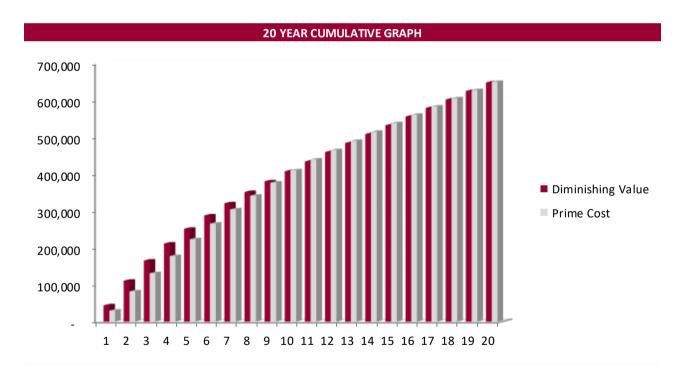
Example

	PC Rate	Opening Value	Year 1	WDV	Year 2
Carnet	10%	\$1,000	\$100	\$900	\$100



7. Comparison Graphs





Advantages of using diminishing value method over prime cost method, as can be seen in the 20 year comparison graph, diminishing value method has higher deductions in the first few years. Prime cost method has lower deductions over the first few years, but around the 5-6 year mark starts to give higher deductions and in later years. However cumulatively they equal out at about the 10 year mark. It comes down to whether you want the higher deductions in the first few years or the more evenly spread out deductions approach.



8. Capital Expenditure Analysed

Purchase Details	
Contract Date	1 April 2016
Settlement Date	1 January 2017

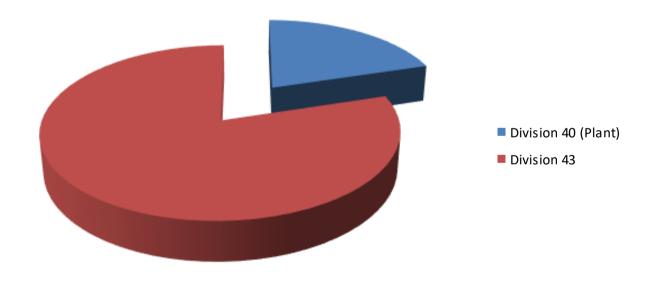
Expenditure Analysed	
Purchase price	\$1,100,000
Total Expenditure Analysed	\$1,100,000

9. Reconciliation of Capital Expenditure

Apportionment of cost relating to:	
Division 40 (Plant)	\$222,555
Division 43	\$877,445
Total Expenditure Analysed	\$1,100,000

Notes

- * The historical construction has been calculated and the eligible qualifying expenditure for the purposes of calculating the Division 43 deductions capital works has been taken from this total by excluding the plant (Division 40) and any non eligible expenditure items
- ** Balance of capital expenditure comprises the apportionment of all capital works which are ineligible for depreciation or capital allowances





10. Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally	Diminishing												
Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Value Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Audio visual equipment													
Amplifying & music equipment	18.75%	1-Apr-16	975	183	297	186	116	73	45	28	18	11	7
Computer systems General	40.00%	1-Apr-16	1,875	184	676	406	228	143	89	56	35	22	14
General	18.75%	1-Apr-16	1,395	262	425	266	166	104	65	41	25	16	10
deficial	10.7570	1741.10	1,000	202	.23	200	100	20.	- 03			10	10
Electrical Machinery & Equipment :													
Switchboards	10.00%	1-Apr-16	1,800	44	176	158	142	128	115	104	350	219	137
Fire control assets													
Fire extinguishers	18.75%	1-Apr-16	420	79	128	80	50	31	20	12	8	5	3
Furniture	15.00%	1-Apr-16	18,675	689	2,699	2,294	1,950	1,657	1,408	1,197	1,017	865	735
Furniture	18.75%	1-Apr-16	9,668	1,813	2,946	1,841	1,151	719	449	281	176	110	69
			.,	,	,	,-	, -						
Signage	15.00%	1-Apr-16	3,000	111	433	368	313	266	226	192	163	347	217
Furniture, freestanding, for customer use:													
In dining areas	25.00%	1-Apr-16	27,300	1,678	6,405	4,804	3,603	2,702	2,027	1,520	1,140	855	641
Heating units													
Freestanding	13.33%	1-Apr-16	3,750	123	484	419	363	315	273	236	205	178	154
recomming	13.3370	170110	3,730	123		.13	505	515	2,3	230	203	270	15.
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	16.67%	1-Apr-16	2,250	92	360	300	250	208	173	325	203	127	79
Beer dispensing system assets (including, tanks, taps tubes and valves)	13.33%	1-Apr-16	12,750	418	1,644	1,425	1,235	1,070	928	804	697	604	523
Food preparation and service assets:													
Bench top appliances - small portable type (including blenders,	66.67%	1-Apr-16	1,350	221	752	141	88	55	34	22	13	8	5
food processors, grills, rice cookers and toasters)	00.07%	1-Api-10	1,550	221	732	141	00	33	34	22	15	٥	3
Cooking appliances, large commercial type (including cook tops,	20.00%	1-Apr-16	38,700	1,903	7,359	5,887	4,710	3,768	3,014	2,412	1,929	1,543	1,235
deep fryers, grills, kebab machines, ovens and salamanders)	20.00%	1-Api-10	38,700	1,503	7,339	3,867	4,710	3,708	3,014	2,412	1,525	1,343	1,233
Cookware, handheld (including frypans, pans, pots, trays and	100.00%	1 1-16	3,953	3,953									
woks)	100.00%	1-Apr-16	3,933	3,953									
Crockery, cutlery and glassware	100.00%	1-Apr-16	3,900	3,900									
Glass washer machines	40.00%	1-Apr-16	6,000	590	2,164	1,298	779	467	263	164	103	64	40
Microwave ovens	18.75%	1-Apr-16	840	158	256	160	100	62	39	24	15	10	6
Kitchen exhaust fans Preparation benches, freestanding	40.00% 10.00%	1-Apr-16 1-Apr-16	18,000 4,500	1,770 111	6,492 439	3,895 395	2,337 356	1,402 320	841 288	505 259	284 233	177 210	111 189
Benchtop steriliers	40.00%	1-Apr-16	3,300	325	1,190	714	428	241	151	94	59	37	23
Denoting Sterrifers	40.0070	1 Apr 10	5,500	323	1,130	,14	420	271	131			3,	23
Lights													
Fittings	18.75%	1-Apr-16	180	34	55	34	21	13	8	5	3	2	1
Fittings	18.75%	1-Apr-16	3,300	619	1,005	628	393	245	153	96	60	37	23
Carried forward			167,880	19,259	36,385	25,700	18,779	13,991	10,611	8,377	6,737	5,447	4,222



Diminishing Value Depreciation Schedule (cont.)

Assets Generally Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Diminishing Value Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Division to transfer and Equipment	value mate	motan Date	opening raide	rear 2	rear 2	rear 5	· ca.	rear 5	rear o	real 7	rear o	rear 5	rear 20
Brought forward			167,880	19,259	36,385	25,700	18,779	13,991	10,611	8,377	6,737	5,447	4,222
Refrigeration assets:	20.00%	1-Apr-16	42,975	2,114	8,172	6,538	5,230	4,184	3,347	2,678	2,142	1,714	1,371
Point of Sale													
Electronic funds transfer point of sale machines (EFTPOS)	33.33%	1-Apr-16	5,250	430	1,607	1,071	714	476	357	223	139	87	54
Security systems & equipment													
Electronic	30.00%	1-Apr-16	5,700	420	1,584	1,109	776	543	380	333	208	130	81
Ventilating plant													
Ventilation plant - fans only	18.75%	1-Apr-16	750	141	229	143	89	56	35	22	14	9	5
Pooled Plant Total				3,286	5,340	3,479	2,403	1,743	1,709	1,726	1,713	1,418	886
Effective Life Plant Total				19,078	42,636	31,081	23,186	17,508	13,022	9,907	7,527	5,968	4,848
Total Division 40			222,555	22,364	47,976	34,560	25,589	19,250	14,731	11,633	9,240	7,386	5,734
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance													
	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2017	2.50%	01-Jan-17	877,445		10,818	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936
Total Division 43			877,445		10,818	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936
Total Depreciation			1,100,000	22,364	58,794	56,496	47,525	41,186	36,667	33,569	31,176	29,322	27,670



11. Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule

Assets Generally	Prime Cost												
Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Audio visual equipment													
Amplifying & music equipment	18.75%	01-Apr-16	975	183	297	186	116	73	45	28	18	11	
Computer systems													
General	20.00%	01-Apr-16	1,875	92	375	375	375	375	283				
General	18.75%	01-Apr-16	1,395	262	425	266	166	104	65	41	25	16	1
Electrical Machinery & Equipment :													
Switchboards	5.00%	01-Apr-16	1,800	22	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	9
Fire control assets													
Fire extinguishers	18.75%	01-Apr-16	420	79	128	80	50	31	20	12	8	5	į
Furniture	7.50%	01-Apr-16	18,675	345	1,401	1,401	1,401	1,401	1,401	1,401	1,401	1,401	1,401
Furniture	18.75%	01-Apr-16	9,668	1,813	2,946	1,841	1,151	719	449	281	176	110	69
	7.50%	04 4 46	2.000	55	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	22
Signage	7.50%	01-Apr-16	3,000	55	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225
Furniture, freestanding, for customer use:													
In dining areas	12.50%	01-Apr-16	27,300	839	3,413	3,413	3,413	3,413	3,413	3,413	3,413	2,570	
Heating units													
Freestanding	6.67%	01-Apr-16	3,750	61	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250
Hot water systems (excluding piping)													
Gas or electric	8.33%	01-Apr-16	2,250	46	188	188	188	188	188	188	188	188	188
Beer dispensing system assets (including, tanks, taps tubes and valves)	6.67%	01-Apr-16	12,750	209	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	850	850
Food preparation and service assets:													
Bench top appliances - small portable type (including blenders,													
food processors, grills, rice cookers and toasters)	33.33%	01-Apr-16	1,350	111	450	450	339						
Cooking appliances, large commercial type (including cook tops,													
deep fryers, grills, kebab machines, ovens and salamanders)	10.00%	01-Apr-16	38,700	952	3,870	3,870	3,870	3,870	3,870	3,870	3,870	3,870	3,87
Cookware, handheld (including frypans, pans, pots, trays and	50.000/		0.050	405	4.075								
woks)	50.00%	01-Apr-16	3,953	486	1,976	1,491							
Crockery, cutlery and glassware	100.00%	01-Apr-16	3,900	3,900	4 000	4 200	4 200	4 200	005				
Glass washer machines	20.00%	01-Apr-16	6,000	295	1,200	1,200	1,200	1,200 62	905 39	24	15	10	
Microwave ovens	18.75% 20.00%	01-Apr-16	840 18,000	158 885	256 3,600	160 3,600	100 3,600	3,600	2,715	24	15	10	
Kitchen exhaust fans		01-Apr-16	4,500	55	225	225	225	225	2,715	225	225	225	22
Preparation benches, freestanding Benchtop steriliers	5.00% 20.00%	01-Apr-16 01-Apr-16	3,300	162	660	660	660	660	498	225	223	223	22
			-,3										
Lights													
Fittings	18.75%	01-Apr-16	180	34	55	34	21	13	8	5	3	2	
Fittings	18.75%	01-Apr-16	3,300	619	1,005	628	393	245	153	96	60	37	23
			167,880	11,662	23,885	21,482	18,683	17,595	15,692		10,817	9,859	7,218



Prime Cost Depreciation Schedule (cont.)

Assets Generally Division 40 - Plant and Equipment	Prime Cost Rate	Install Date	Opening Value	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7	Year 8	Year 9	Year 10
Division 40 - Franc and Equipment	nace	mstan Bate	Opening value	reur 1	rear 2	rear 3	rear 4	rear 3	rear o	rear 7	rear o	rear 5	rear 10
Brought forward			167,880	11,662	23,885	21,482	18,683	17,595	15,692	11,000	10,817	9,859	7,218
Refrigeration assets:	10.00%	01-Apr-16	42,975	1,057	4,298	4,298	4,298	4,298	4,298	4,298	4,298	4,298	4,298
Point of Sale													
Electronic funds transfer point of sale machines (EFTPOS)	16.67%	01-Apr-16	5,250	215	875	875	875	875	875	660			
Security systems & equipment													
Electronic	15.00%	01-Apr-16	5,700	210	855	855	855	855	855	855	360		
Ventilating plant													
Ventilation plant - fans only	18.75%	01-Apr-16	750	141	229	143	89	56	35	22	14	9	5
Pooled Plant Total				3,286	5,340	3,338	2,086	1,304	815	509	318	199	124
Effective Life Plant Total				9,999	24,801	24,316	22,714	22,375	20,940	16,325	15,170	13,967	11,397
Total Division 40			222,555	13,285	30,141	27,653	24,800	23,679	21,755	16,834	15,488	14,166	11,521
Division 43 - Capital Works Allowance													
	Rate		Opening Value	Year 1	Year2	Year 3	Year4	Year5	Year6	Year7	Year8	Year9	Year10
Building Works - Completed 2017	2.50%	01-Jan-17	877,445		10,818	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936
Total Division 43			877,445		10,818	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936	21,936
Total Depreciation	,		1,100,000	13,285	40,959	49,589	46,736	45,615	43,691	38,770	37,424	36,102	33,457



12. Division 43 Capital Works Schedule

The table below outlines the amount of Division 43 building write-off available for this property. The building write-off is claimed over forty years from the construction date of the works completed and is the remaining value after plant and equipment has been taken out.

Qualifying Building Allowance

Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Building Works - Completed 2017	1 Apr 16 to 1 Jan 17	877,445	2.50%	21,936	877,445
Sub-total		877,445		21,936	877,445
Qualifying Structural Improvements					
Description	Start and Completion Dates	Historical Cost	Rate	Annual Claim	Opening Value
Sub-total					
Totals		877,445		21,936	877,445

The table below demonstrates the various property types and the depreciation rates for Capital expenditure deductions. Eligibility is based on the date of construction commencement.





13. Definition of Terms

Adjusted Value	This is the value of an asset after a period of decline often referred to as the written down value or WDV.
Balancing Adjustment	The balancing adjustment amount is the difference between the termination value and the adjustable value of a depreciating asset at the time of a balancing adjustment event.
Decline in Value	Deductions for the cost of a depreciating asset are based on the decline in value between any two dates. This report includes both methods of the decline in value of a depreciating asset; the prime cost method and diminishing value method.
Depreciating Assets	Assets with limited effective life that are reasonably expected to decline in value.
Diminishing Value Method	This is the method of calculating the decline in value which uses the opening adjusted value as the basis for the calculation.
Effective Life	The effective life of a depreciating asset is how long it can be used by any entity for a taxable income producing purpose.
Immediate WriteOff	A depreciating asset which costs less than \$300 can be immediately written off at 100% of the total cost. This is only available where the asset is not part of a set e.g. table and chairs.
Installed Costs	This is the total cost of installing the asset inclusive of fees and labour etc.
Low Value Pool	Low cost assets which have a value between \$300 and \$1000. These assets are depreciated at 18.75% in the first year and 37.5% in each subsequent years.
Low Cost Asset	A depreciable asset with an installed cost of less than \$1000.
Low Value Asset	A depreciable asset that has an adjusted value of less than \$1000.
Non Eligible	This may include a proportion of the purchase price that is not claimable due to the age of the building or asset type.
Prime Cost Method	This is a method of calculating depreciation using a constant opening cost base often referred to as the "Straight Line" method.



14. Contact Details

COMPANY DETAILS						
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15. Disclaimer

This report has been prepared for the exclusive use of the parties named within this report, Koste Pty Ltd does not accept any contractual, tortious or other form of liability for any consequences that may arise from any other person acting upon or using this valuation.